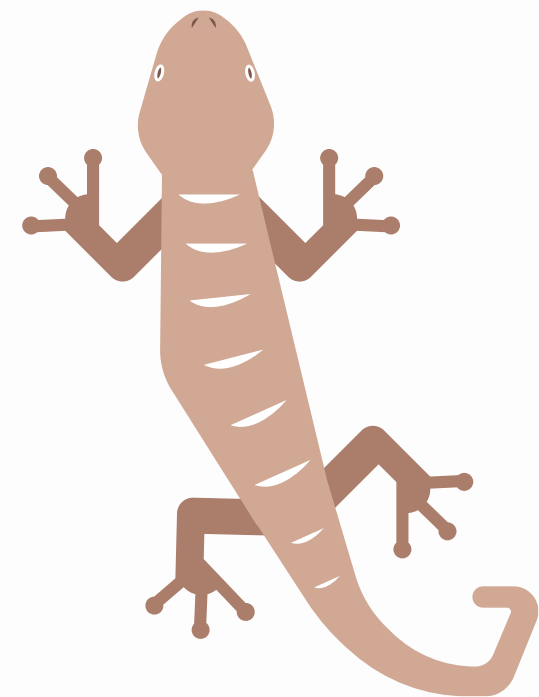


EXPLORING THE EFFECTS OF HABITAT CHANGE ON LIZARD POPULATIONS IN WELLINGTON



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TODAY...

'ZOOMING IN' ON URBAN DEVELOPMENTS AND LIZARDS

- Urbanisation & lizards
- Methods and preliminary findings
- What this means for sanctuaries



ZOOM OUT...



Global population > 9 billion by
2050

Two thirds of global population
will be urban

- Urbanisation - biggest threat to reptiles and amphibians





- New Zealand's population: 5.5 - 6.5 million by 2048 (Stats NZ, 2022)
- Fragmentation of existing native lizard populations due to increased housing



What are the effects of urban development on lizards in the Wellington region?



- GIS mapping
- Associate environmental variables with lizard records
- Overlay data with greenspace maps and impervious surface maps



- Associate environmental change with lizard records
 - Presence-only data
- Generate summary statistics about species' relationship with greenspace
 - Compare records across private and public greenspace



Overlay corresponding presence records for each species



Oligosoma polychroma - Northern grass skink



Woodworthia maculata - Raukawa gecko



Oligosoma aeneum - Copper skink

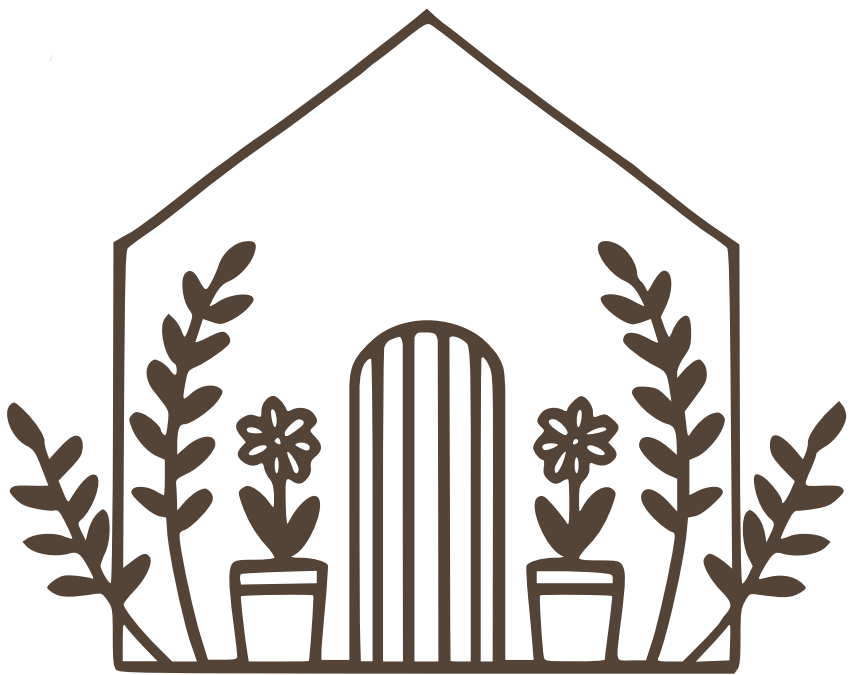
THAT'S URBAN GREENSPACE AROUND WELLINGTON



LET'S ZOOM IN TO URBAN
DEVELOPMENTS



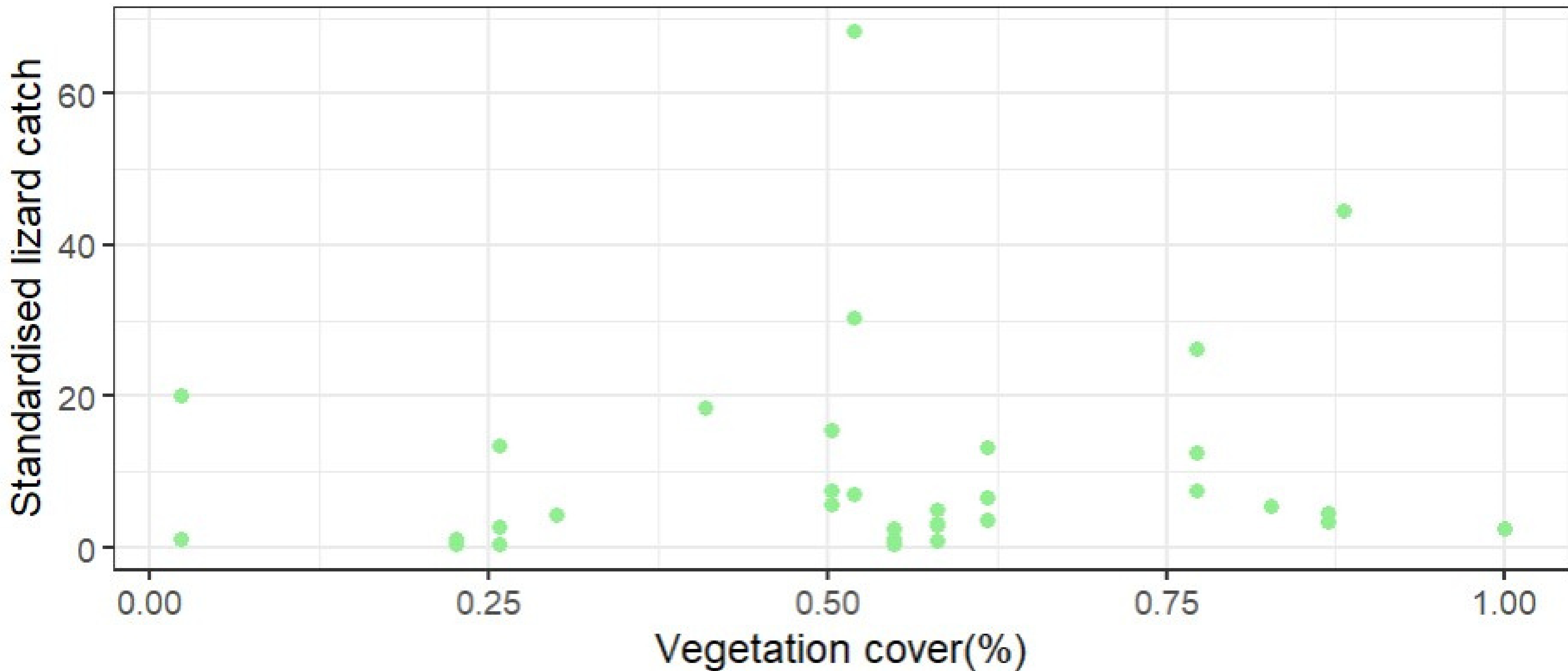
Images: Canva, The BBC



Assess standardised
lizard catches across
Wellington
against habitat type

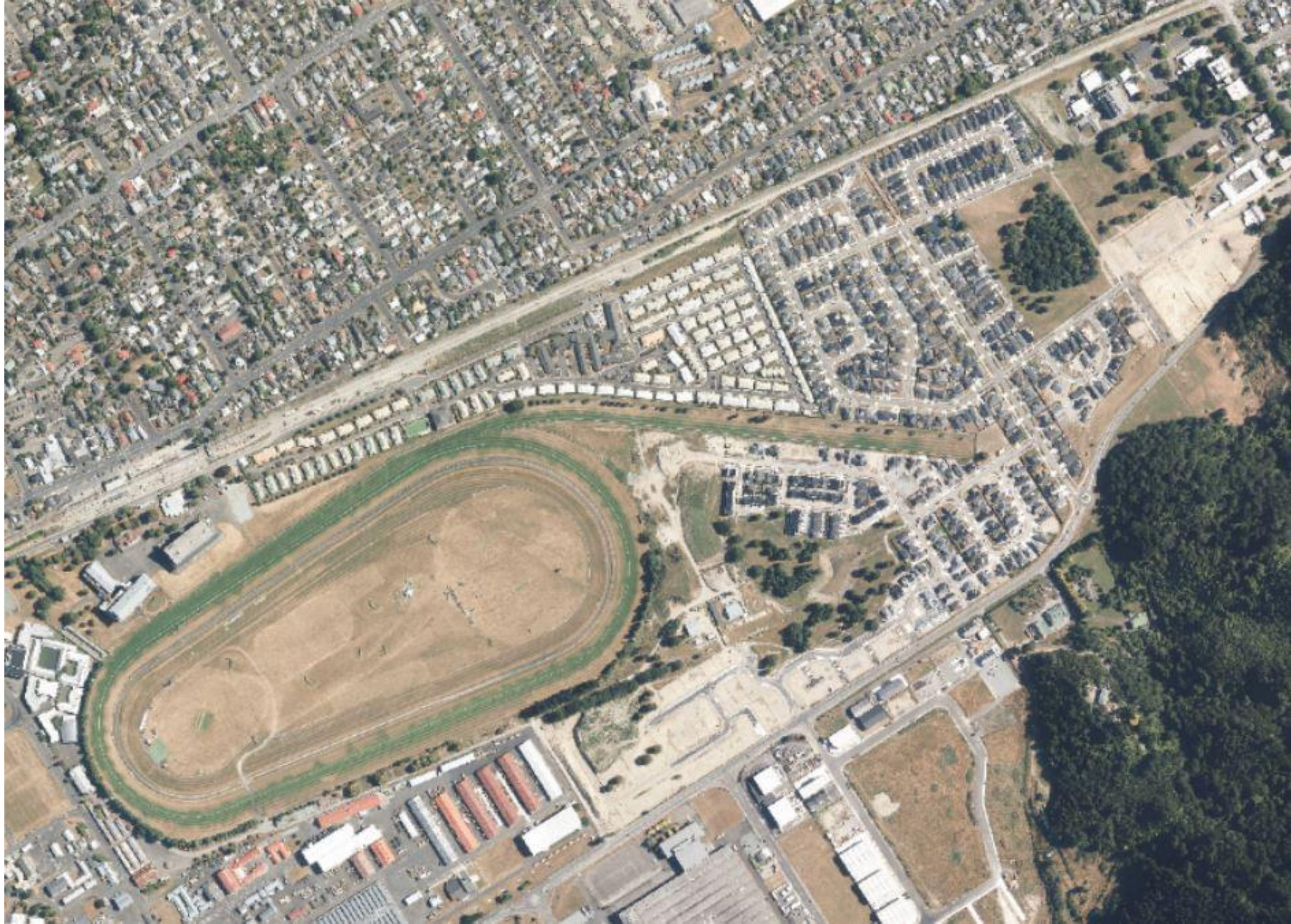


PRELIMINARY DATA - WHAT THE MODEL INPUT MIGHT LOOK LIKE





LINZ Wellington 0.3m Rural Aerial Photos (2012-2013)



LINZ Wellington 0.3m Rural Aerial Photos (2021)

Project standardised catch into case study scenarios



Approx. scrub: 84,000 sq. metres Approx. pasture grass: 51,000 sq. metres

PRACTICAL FIELDWORK TO CONTRIBUTE TO MODELLING COMPONENT



LIZARDS IN NEW ZEALAND

Version as at 28 September 2022



Resource Management Act 1991

Public Act 1991 No 69
Date of assent 22 July 1991
Commencement see section 1(2)

Version as at 6 May 2022

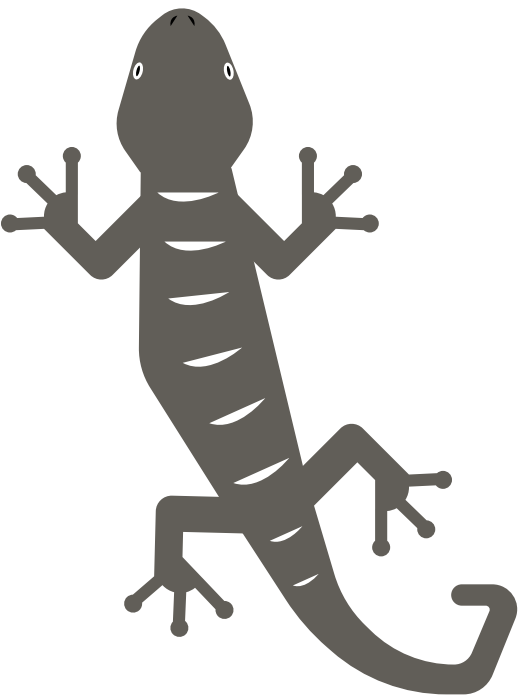


Wildlife Act 1953

Public Act 1953 No 31
Date of assent 31 October 1953
Commencement see section 1(2)



IMPACTS ON ENVIRONMENT (INCLUDING LIZARDS)
AVOIDED, REMEDIATED OR MITIGATED



MITIGATION STRATEGIES FOR LIZARDS

Translocation

- Removal of organisms from their habitat due to land use change
- Release organisms into un-impacted site

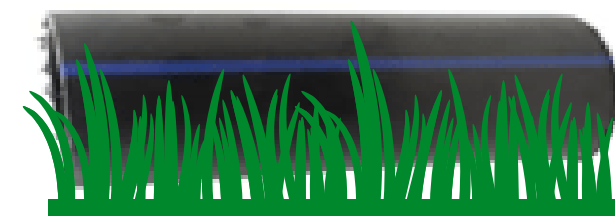
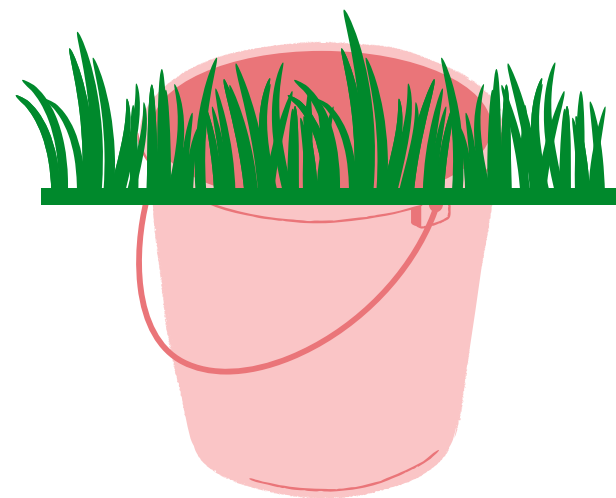


Oligosoma polychroma -
Northern grass skink

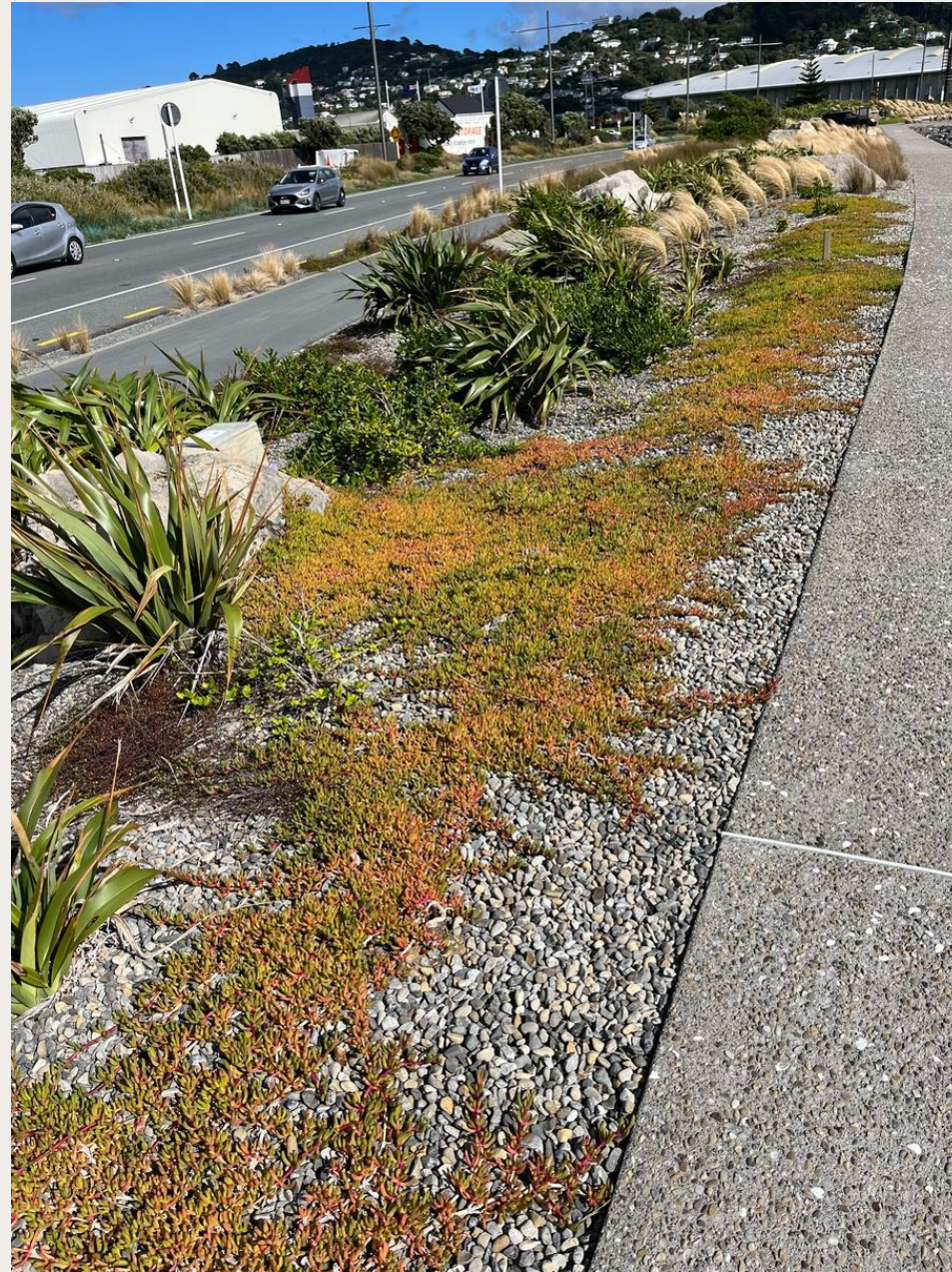


Woodworthia maculata -
Raukawa gecko

Determine and monitor lizard populations before, during and after mitigation translocations, testing monitoring techniques



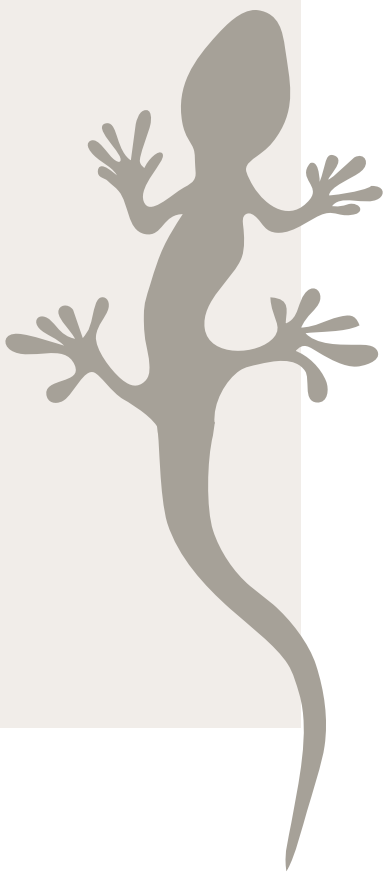
Cobham Drive: testing monitoring techniques and assessing lizard catch post mitigation translocation



TESTING DESIGN FOR DEVELOPMENTS: DO LIZARDS USE GABION BASKETS?



Image: gardening knowhow.com

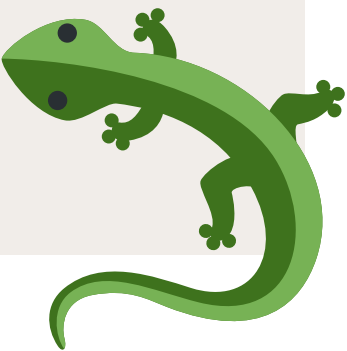


DO LIZARDS USE GABION BASKETS?



Image: gabion1.co.nz

- Testing 'enhancements' to build into new urban development designs
- Sites: Pāuatahanui School, Otari School - Te Kura o Otari and Koraunui School
- Passive monitoring via citizen science to assist with data collection



DO LIZARDS USE GABION BASKETS?

1

Monitor site for suitability & determine where to place



DO LIZARDS USE GABION BASKETS?

1

Monitor site for suitability & determine where to place

2

Build gabion baskets and embed with tracking tunnels

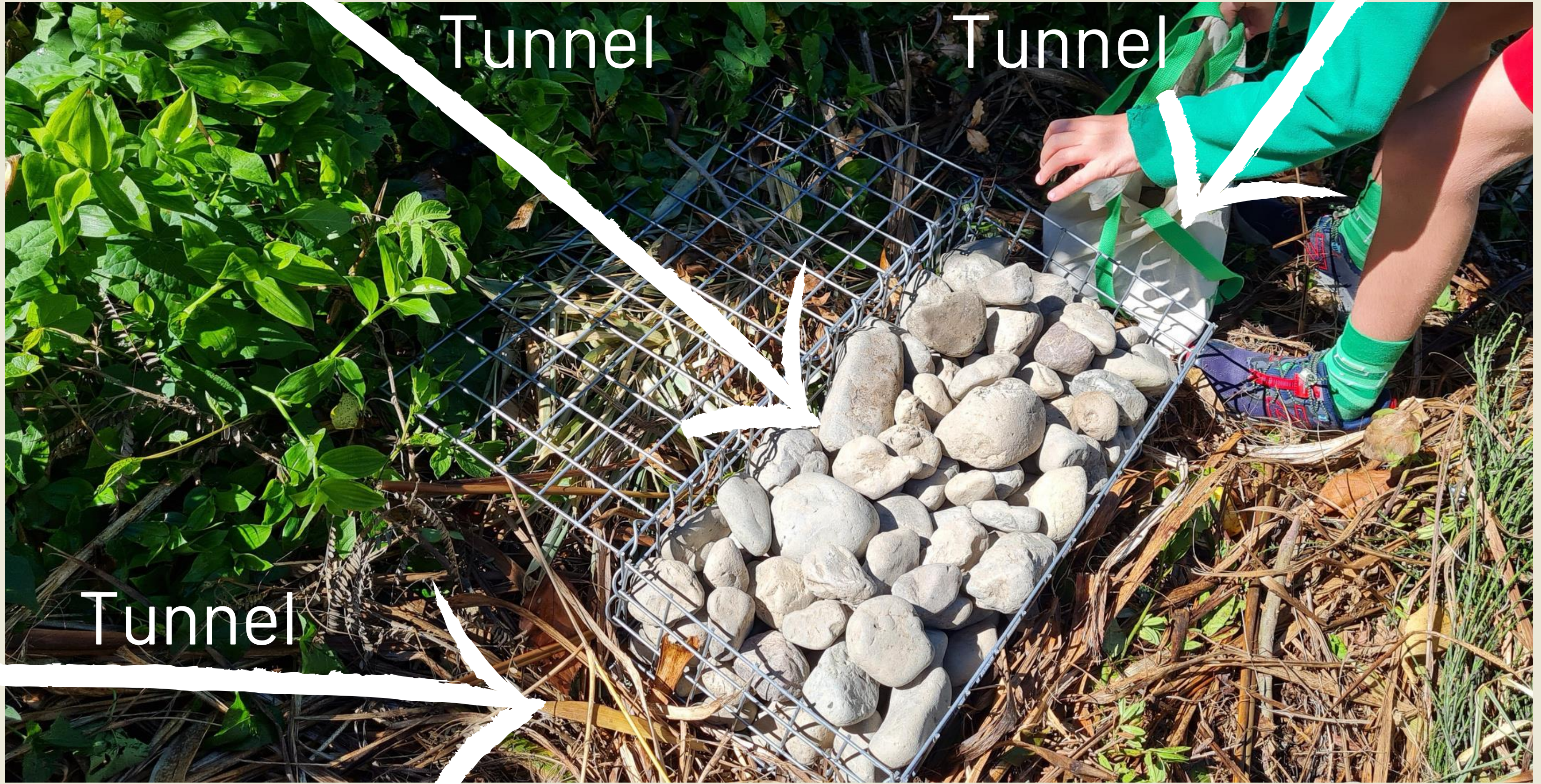
Add tracking tunnels around edges

Small rocks between 20-40mm, may provide refuge for lizards from mice

Larger rocks 50-150mm (representative of a standard gabion basket)







Tunnel

Tunnel

Tunnel

DO LIZARDS USE GABION BASKETS?

1

Monitor site for suitability

2

Build gabion baskets and embed with tracking tunnels

Add tracking tunnels around edges

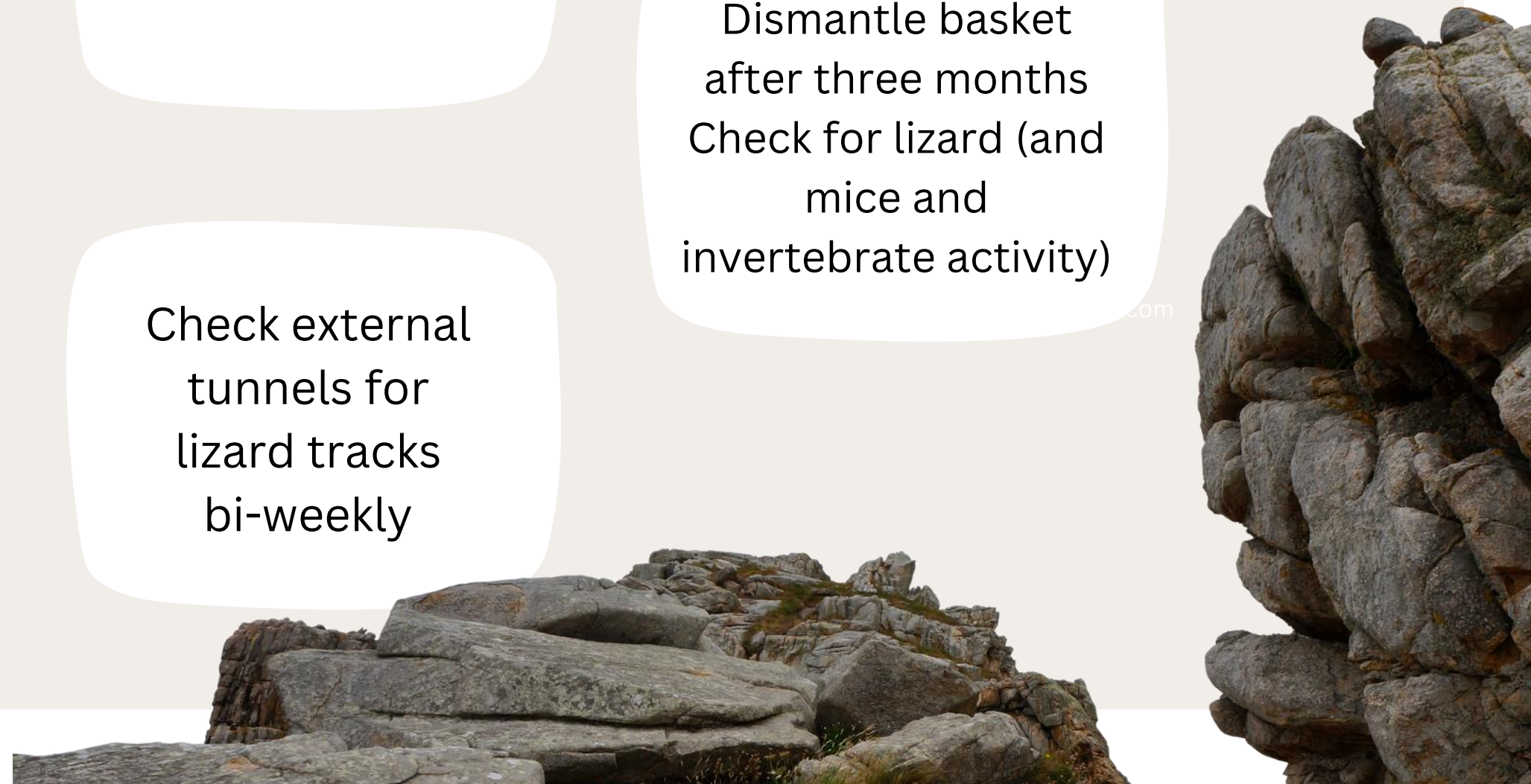
3

Perform visual observations for basking lizards

Check external tunnels for lizard tracks bi-weekly

4

Dismantle basket after three months
Check for lizard (and mice and invertebrate activity)



DO LIZARDS USE GABION BASKETS?



Large rocks

Mouse footprints

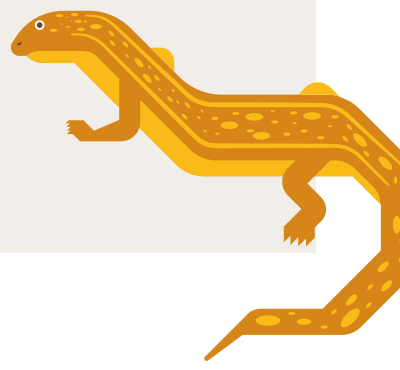
Invertebrate footprints

Skink footprints (at one of the two schools)

Small rocks

Blank/Invertebrate footprints

Lizards on either side of the baskets



LIZARDS IN SANCTUARIES?



Image: gabion1.co.nz

- Importance of variability in habitats when thinking about lizards
- Consideration of urban landscapes next to sanctuaries
- Consider design elements to add habitat variability in sanctuaries
- Engaging citizen scientists/schools has been fun and rewarding for all

ZOOM OUT... THANK YOU!

MBIE/ Restoring Urban Nature
Nicky Nelson
FixIt lab
Victoria University Wellington
Mare Leenders
Will Gibson
Rosie Ngatai
Waka Kotahi NZ
Ngāti Toa
Porirua City Council
RMA Ecology
Morphum Environmental
Koraunui School
Otari School
Pauatahanui School
Parliamentary Commissioner
for the Environment

